

Tarantula

Across

- The taxonomic Family of the bird-eating spiders or tarantulas.
- Any animal without a spinal cord (i.e.: insects, worms, mollusks, sponges).
- The silk-producing organs on the end of a spider's abdomen.
- An invertebrate's simple eyes.
- A significant loss of an animal's internal water. This can lead to death.
- The hard outer skin of invertebrates providing structural support for the animal.
- The body part of spiders forming the head and chest that has the eyes, legs, and most internal organs.
- An animal that kills other animals in order to eat.
- The substance inside eggs, food for the developing embryos.
- Arachnid appendages – male spiders use them to transfer semen to the female.
- The lifestyle of an organism living in or on another organism called the host, usually causing it harm.

Down

- A dry, barren area of land, often sand-covered, with little fresh water and scanty vegetation.
- In sexual reproduction, the joining of the sperm and egg.
- The variety and complexity of living things found in nature.
- A spider's fangs.
- A thick pad of silk, woven by a mother tarantula for her spiderlings. (2 words)
- The scientific classification method used to categorize animals into related groups.

